Mother-in-law visits in Flora Nwapa's *One is Enough* 

Author: Terence Rajivan Edward

Abstract. This paper considers two explanations for why the main character of Flora Nwapa's

novel One is Enough does not answer the question of how many times her mother-in-law has

visited. One of these is a variation on the surprise exam paradox.

Draft version: Version 2 (10th May 2023)

"Above her level is one who thinks more,

So I'm training my mother-in-law"

This is the opening of chapter 2 of Flora Nwapa's novel *One is Enough*:

Obiora's mother continued:

'Tell me, my son's wife, since you married my son, six years ago, how many

times have I visited your home? Go ahead and tell me how many times.' And she

paused so that Amaka could reply, but Amaka said nothing.

'Well, since you cannot answer me, I will tell you. This is the sixth time I have

visited you.' Amaka swallowed, and shifted her position, and said to herself:

'Well, I asked for this. Six times indeed!'

'Did you hear me?' her mother-in-law continued.

'Yes, Mother, I heard you. You said you had visited six times since we were

married six years ago. I can hear you very well, Mother.' (1992 [1981]: 13)

1

Why does Amaka not answer her mother-in-law? There are various explanations one might offer. I shall present two, both "intellectualist" I should warn readers.

Which answer? It seems as if there is a norm: the mother-in-law should visit once every year following marriage. So Amaka is not sure which answer to give her mother-in-law: "Six times" or "As many times as you should."

A surprise exam paradox answer. Imagine that the norm is not just that the mother-in-law should visit once every year following marriage but also that this visit should be a surprise (Strathern 2005). Amaka does not answer, because she is puzzled over how these conditions can be met. If it reaches the penultimate evening of a year, a Thursday say, and there has still been no visit, then she will be able to predict that her mother-in-law will visit tomorrow – the final day, Friday – so the visit will not be a surprise on that day, so Amaka can rule out a visit on that day. But then, on the evening before the penultimate evening, i.e. Wednesday evening, if no visit has yet occurred, she knows that her mother-in-law will not visit on the final day of the year, which only leaves tomorrow for the event. But then it will not be a surprise on that day either. By repeating this process of reasoning, she concludes that her mother-in-law cannot meet the conditions of the norm. And yet it seems she does! Amaka is silently contemplating this problem.

From these two, I would like to think the explanation is the first one offered, but I don't think it especially unlikely in this kind of situation that there is some elaborate, and probably unreasonable, explanation for silence like the second, accompanied even by a reflection: "This woman will never reach the higher levels of thought."

## References

Nwapa, F. 1992 (originally 1981). *One is Enough*. Trenton, New Jersey: Africa World Press.

Strathern, M. 2005. Kinship, Law and the Unexpected: Relatives Are Always a Surprise.

Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.