

# Introduction to the

# Complex Refined Neutrosophic Set

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## Abstract

In this paper, one extends the single-valued complex neutrosophic set to the subsetvalued complex neutrosophic set, and afterwards to the subset-valued complex refined neutrosophic set.

## Keywords

single-valued complex neutrosophic set, subset-valued complex neutrosophic set, subset-valued complex refined neutrosophic set.

## 1 Introduction

One first recalls the definitions of the single-valued neutrosophic set (SVNS), and of the subset-value neutrosophic set (SSVNS).

## Definition 1.1.

Let *X* be a space of elements, with a generic element in *X* denoted by *x*. A *Single-Valued Neutrosophic Set (SVNS) A* is characterized by a truth membership function  $T_A(x)$ , an indeterminacy membership function  $I_A(x)$ , and a falsity membership function  $F_A(x)$ , where for each element  $x \in X$ ,  $T_A(x)$ ,  $I_A(x)$ ,  $F_A(x) \in [0, 1]$  and  $0 \le T_A(x) + I_A(x) + F_A(x) \le 3$ .

Definition 1.2.

Let *X* be a space of elements, with a generic element in *X* denoted by *x*. A *SubSet-Valued Neutrosophic Set (SSVNS)* A [3] is characterized by a truth membership function  $T_A(x)$ , an indeterminacy membership function  $I_A(x)$ , and a falsity membership function  $F_A(x)$ , where for each element  $x \in X$ , the subsets  $T_A(x), I_A(x), F_A(x) \subseteq [0,1]$ ,

with  $0 \le \sup(T_A(x)) + \sup(I_A(x)) + \sup(F_A(x)) \le 3$ .

# 2 Complex Neutrosophic Set

Ali and Smarandache [1] introduced the notion of single-valued complex neutrosophic set (SVCNS) as a generalization of the single-valued neutrosophic set (SVNS) [2].

Definition 2.1.

Let *X* be a space of elements, with a generic element in *X* denoted by *x*. A *Single-Valued Complex Neutrosophic Set (SVCNS) A* [1] is characterized by a truth membership function  $T_{1_A}(x)e^{iT_{2_A}(x)}$ , an indeterminacy membership function  $I_{1_A}(x)e^{iI_{2_A}(x)}$ , and a falsity membership function  $F_{1_A}(x)e^{iF_{2_A}(x)}$ , where for each element  $x \in X$ , single-valued numbers  $T_{1_A}(x)$ ,  $I_{1_A}(x)$ ,  $F_{1_A}(x) \in [0,1]$ ,  $0 \le T_{1_A}(x) + I_{1_A}(x) + F_{1_A}(x) \le 3$ ,  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ ,

and the single-valued numbers  $T_{2_4}(x)$ ,  $I_{2_4}(x)$ ,  $F_{2_4}(x) \in [0, 2\pi]$ ,

with  $0 \le T_{2_A}(x) + I_{2_A}(x) + F_{2_A}(x) \le 6\pi$ .

 $T_{I_A}(x), I_{I_A}(x), F_{I_A}(x)$  represent the real part (or amplitude) of the truth membership, indeterminacy membership, and falsehood membership respectively; while  $T_{2_A}(x), I_{2_A}(x), F_{2_A}(x)$  represent the imaginary part (or phase) of the truth membership, indeterminacy membership, and falsehood membership respectively.

Definition 2.2.

In the previous Definition 2.1., if one replaces the single-valued numbers with subset-values, i.e. the subset-values  $T_{1_A}(x), I_{1_A}(x), F_{1_A}(x) \subseteq [0,1], i = \sqrt{-1}$ , and the subset-values  $T_{2_A}(x), I_{2_A}(x), F_{2_A}(x) \subseteq [0,2\pi]$ ,

with  $0 \le \sup(T_{I_A}(x)) + \sup(I_{I_A}(x)) + \sup(F_{I_A}(x)) \le 3$ ,

and  $0 \le \sup(T_{2_{A}}(x)) + \sup(I_{2_{A}}(x)) + \sup(F_{2_{A}}(x)) \le 6\pi$ ,

one obtains the SubSet-Valued Complex Neutrosophic Set (SSVCNS).

# 3 Refined Neutrosophic Set

Smarandache introduced the refined neutrosophic set [4] in 2013.

Definition 3.1.

Let *X* be a space of elements, with a generic element in *X* denoted by *x*. A *Single-Valued Refined Neutrosophic Set (SVRNS) A* is characterized by *p* subtruth membership functions  $T_{1_A}(x), T_{2_A}(x), ..., T_{p_A}(x), r$  sub-indeterminacy membership functions  $I_{1_A}(x), I_{2_A}(x), ..., I_{r_A}(x)$ , and *s* sub-falsity membership functions  $F_{1_A}(x), F_{2_A}(x), ..., F_{s_A}(x)$ , where for each element  $x \in X$ , the single-valued numbers

$$\begin{split} T_{1_{A}}(x), T_{2_{A}}(x), \dots, T_{p_{A}}(x), I_{1_{A}}(x), I_{2_{A}}(x), \dots, I_{r_{A}}(x), F_{1_{A}}(x), F_{2_{A}}(x), \dots, F_{s_{A}}(x) \in [0,1], \\ 0 \leq T_{1_{A}}(x) + T_{2_{A}}(x) + \dots + T_{p_{A}}(x) + I_{1_{A}}(x) + I_{2_{A}}(x) + \dots + I_{r_{A}}(x) + F_{1_{A}}(x) + F_{2_{A}}(x) + \dots \\ \dots + F_{s_{A}}(x) \leq p + r + s, \end{split}$$

and the integers *p*, *r*,  $s \ge 0$ , with at least one of *p*, *r*, *s* to be  $\ge 2$ .

In other words, the truth membership function  $T_A(x)$  was refined (split) into p sub-truths  $T_{1_A}(x), T_{2_A}(x), ..., T_{p_A}(x)$ , the indeterminacy membership function  $I_A(x)$  was refined (split) into r sub-indeterminacies  $I_{1_A}(x), I_{2_A}(x), ..., I_{r_A}(x)$ , and the falsity membership function  $F_A(x)$  was refined (split) into s sub-falsities  $F_{1_A}(x), F_{2_A}(x), ..., F_{s_A}$ .

Definition 3.2.

In the previous Definition 3.1., if one replaces the single-valued numbers with subset-values i.e., the subset-values  $T_{1_A}(x), T_{2_A}(x), ..., T_{p_A}(x), I_{1_A}(x), I_{2_A}(x), ..., I_{r_A}(x), F_{1_A}(x), F_{2_A}(x), ..., F_{s_A}(x) \subseteq [0,1]$ , and  $0 \leq \sup(T_{1_A}(x)) + \sup(T_{2_A}(x)) + ... + \sup(T_{p_A}(x)) + \sup(I_{1_A}(x)) + \sup(I_{2_A}(x)) + ... + \sup(I_{r_A}(x)) + \sup(I_{r_A}(x)) + \sup(F_{r_A}(x)) + \sup(F_{r_A}(x)) + ... + \sup(F_{s_A}(x)) \leq p + r + s$ ,

one obtains the SubSet-Valued Refined Neutrosophic Set (SSVRNS).

# 4 Complex Refined Neutrosophic Set

Now one combines the complex neutrosophic set with refined neutrosophic set in order to get the complex refined neutrosophic set.

Definition 4.1.

Let X be a space of elements, with a generic element in X denoted by x. A Single-Valued Complex Refined Neutrosophic Set (SVCRNS) A is characterized

#### by *p* sub-truth membership functions

$$\begin{split} T_{11_{A}}(x)e^{iT_{21_{A}}(x)}, T_{12_{A}}(x)e^{iT_{22_{A}}(x)}, ..., T_{1p_{A}}(x)e^{iT_{2p_{A}}(x)}, r \text{ sub-indeterminacy membership} \\ \text{functions} \quad I_{11_{A}}(x)e^{iI_{21_{A}}(x)}, I_{12_{A}}(x)e^{iI_{22_{A}}(x)}, ..., I_{1r_{A}}(x)e^{iI_{2r_{A}}(x)}, \text{ and } s \text{ sub-falsity} \\ \text{membership} \quad \text{functions} \quad F_{11_{A}}(x)e^{iF_{21_{A}}(x)}, F_{12_{A}}(x)e^{iF_{22_{A}}(x)}, ..., F_{1s_{A}}(x)e^{iF_{2s_{A}}(x)}, \text{ and} \\ i = \sqrt{-1}, \text{ where for each element } x \in X, \text{ the single-valued numbers (sub-real parts, or sub-amplitudes)} \end{split}$$

$$T_{11_{A}}(x), T_{12_{A}}(x), \dots, T_{1p_{A}}(x), I_{11_{A}}(x), I_{12_{A}}(x), \dots, I_{1r_{A}}(x), F_{11_{A}}(x), F_{12_{A}}(x), \dots, F_{1s_{A}}(x) \in [0, 1]$$
with

 $0 \le T_{11_{A}}(x) + T_{12_{A}}(x) + \dots + T_{1p_{A}}(x) + I_{11_{A}}(x) + I_{12_{A}}(x) + \dots + I_{1r_{A}}(x) + F_{11_{A}}(x) + F_{12_{A}}(x) + \dots + F_{1s_{A}}(x) \le p + r + s,$ 

and the single-valued numbers (sub-imaginary parts, or sub-phases)

 $T_{2l_{A}}(x), T_{22_{A}}(x), \dots, T_{2p_{A}}(x), I_{2l_{A}}(x), I_{22_{A}}(x), \dots, I_{2r_{A}}(x), F_{2l_{A}}(x), F_{22_{A}}(x), \dots, F_{2s_{A}}(x) \in [0, 2\pi]$  with

$$\begin{split} 0 &\leq T_{21_{A}}(x) + T_{22_{A}}(x) + \ldots + T_{2p_{A}}(x) + I_{21_{A}}(x) + I_{22_{A}}(x) + \ldots + I_{2r_{A}}(x) + F_{21_{A}}(x) + F_{22_{A}}(x) + \ldots \\ &+ F_{2s_{A}}(x) \leq 2(p+r+s)\pi, \end{split}$$

and the integers  $p, r, s \ge 0$ , with at least one of p, r, s to be  $\ge 2$ .

Definition 4.2.

In the previous Definition 4.1., if one replaces the single-valued numbers with subset-values i.e., the subset-values

$$T_{11_{A}}(x), T_{12_{A}}(x), ..., T_{1p_{A}}(x), I_{11_{A}}(x), I_{12_{A}}(x), ..., I_{1r_{A}}(x), F_{11_{A}}(x), F_{12_{A}}(x), ..., F_{1s_{A}}(x) \subseteq [0,1]$$
with

$$0 \le \sup(T_{11_{A}}(x)) + \sup(T_{12_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(T_{1p_{A}}(x)) + \sup(I_{11_{A}}(x)) + \sup(I_{12_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(I_{1p_{A}}(x)) + \sup(F_{11_{A}}(x)) + \sup(F_{12_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(F_{1p_{A}}(x)) \le p + r + s,$$

and

$$T_{2l_{A}}(x), T_{22_{A}}(x), ..., T_{2p_{A}}(x), I_{2l_{A}}(x), I_{22_{A}}(x), ..., I_{2r_{A}}(x), F_{2l_{A}}(x), F_{22_{A}}(x), ..., F_{2s_{A}}(x) \subseteq [0, 2\pi]$$
 with

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 $0 \le \sup(T_{21_{A}}(x)) + \sup(T_{22_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(T_{2p_{A}}(x)) + \sup(I_{21_{A}}(x)) + \sup(I_{22_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(I_{2r_{A}}(x)) + \sup(F_{21_{A}}(x)) + \sup(F_{21_{A}}(x)) + \dots + \sup(F_{2r_{A}}(x)) \le 2(p+r+s)\pi,$ 

one obtains the SubSet-Valued Complex Refined Neutrosophic Set (SSVCRNS).

#### 5 Conclusion

After the introduction of the single-valued and subset-valued complex refined neutrosophic sets as future research is the construction of their aggregation operators, the study of their properties, and their applications in various fields.

#### 6 References

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