See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: https://www.researchgate.net/publication/372951291

## Emotional Intelligence and Mental Health of Senior High School Students: A Correlational Study

Article · July 2023

DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.8210117

citations 0

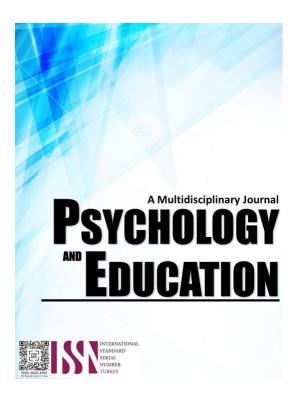
6 authors, including:



Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. 130 PUBLICATIONS 798 CITATIONS

SEE PROFILE

# EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND MENTAL HEALTH OF SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS: A CORRELATIONAL STUDY



## PSYCHOLOGY AND EDUCATION: A MULTIDISCIPLINARY JOURNAL

2023 Volume: 11 Pages: 629-633 Document ID: 2023PEMJ994 DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.8210117 Manuscript Accepted: 2023-31-7



## Emotional Intelligence and Mental Health of Senior High School Students: A Correlational Study

Jasmin Nerissa S. Yco\*, April Jasmin M. Gonzaga, Jessa Cervantes, Gian Benedict J. Goc-Ong, Haamiah Eunice R. Padios, Jhoselle Tus For affiliations and correspondence, see the last page.

## Abstract

Mental health among students is one of the major concerns amidst the pandemic. Employing a correlational design, this study investigates the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among 152 senior high school students. Based on the statistical analysis, the r coefficient of 0.82 indicates a high positive correlation between the variables. The p-value of 0.00, which is less than 0.05, leads to the decision to reject the null hypothesis. Hence, a significant relationship exists between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school. Implications were discussed in the study.

Keywords: emotional intelligence, mental health, senior high school students, correlational study

## Introduction

Nowadays, the most contentious topic in knowledge societies is the mental capacity of human minds and how they impact daily life (Drigas & Papoutsi 2020). Psychosocial stress has been identified as a significant contributor to the prevalence of mental health problems among today's students. Mental health is now seen as a public health issue, and the study by Sanchez-Nunez et al. (2020) focuses on preventing and promoting mental health throughout this stage of life and mentions a considerable correlation between emotional intelligence and mental health. Research has demonstrated that emotional intelligence (EQ) protects against mental health problems such as depression, anxiety, and stress. However, the underlying mechanism by which EQ may promote better mental health is poorly understood (Seehuus & PEQsch, 2020). Goleman defined emotional intelligence and its competencies are a prerequisite for maintaining mental health in stressful situations, and a lack of emotional intelligence in such an unstable environment can result in a failing outcome with uncertain future repercussions. In addition, emotional intelligence has been characterized as the capacity to accurately perceive, evaluate, and express emotion; the capacity to access and/or generate feelings when they facilitate thought; the capacity to understand emotion and emotional knowledge; and the capacity to regulate emotions to promote emotional and intellectual growth (Sanchez-Nunez et al., 2020). According to Schutte et al. (2020), the inability to control one's emotions and lack of awareness of emotions are two main signs of mental health issues. supporting the notion that a lack of awareness of emotional processes is correlated with

lower emotional intelligence. He discovered that having less emotional intelligence is related to having greater psychological issues.

In contrast, Abu Nabeel, Al Rashid, Madi et al. (2020) found no significant relationship between EQ and mental health among university students. However, negative correlations were found between negative emotional intelligence and anxiety, depression, and stress levels. The researcher suggests that emotional intelligence may not directly affect mental health outcomes among university students in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Divya et al. (2021) studied the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health, including depression, anxiety, and stress. The researcher found that although there may be a relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health, the evidence is mixed and insufficient to support a consistent positive association. Therefore, their study suggests that emotional intelligence has no significance in mental health. The researcher cautioned that more research is needed to understand the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health fully.

These conflicting results suggest a need for further research to explore these research gaps and clarify the relationship between emotional intelligence and stress. As stated by Seehus and PEQsch (2020), the rising prevalence of mental health issues and the influence of psychosocial factors on students has become increasingly important to understand the role of emotional intelligence among students as researchers and practitioners investigate potential intervention strategies. This study focused on the emotional intelligence of senior high students in private schools. The primary intention of this study is to identify and determine who is more likely to experience mental health problems, those with high or low emotional intelligence. The secondary goal of this research is to estimate how many of these students are aware of emotional intelligence. Therefore, the researchers investigate the connectivity of emotional intelligence to the mental health of senior high school students in a private school. Specifically, this study sought to answer the following question:

• Is there a significant relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school students?

## Literature Review

Kamaruddin et al. (2020) found a significant positive relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health. The study indicates that individuals with higher emotional intelligence are likelier to have better mental health outcomes than those with lower emotional intelligence. Khan et al. (2020) found that students with higher emotional intelligence scores reported better mental health outcomes, including lower levels of stress, anxiety, and depression and higher levels of well-bEQng. The study suggests that college students who possess higher levels of emotional intelligence are better able to regulate their emotions and manage stress, which can lead to better mental health outcomes. Therefore, their study found a positive relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health. According to Gayathri Krotha et al. (2020), the results showed a significant relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health in a study that aims to measure emotional intelligence and mental health among Doctors, Lawyers, and Teachers.

Furthermore, María Angeles Peláez-Fernández et al. (2021) suggest that EQ is key in promoting and contributing to mental health during unemployment. The findings also demonstrated that higher levels of EQ were negatively correlated with depressed symptoms and positively correlated with resilience and self-esteem. which are mental health variables. According to Sepideh Rezvani et al. (2020), there was a direct, positive, and positive linear relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health. This study also demonstrated that students' academic success increased as their emotional intelligence and mental health in the required educational levels increased. Yuanyi Wang (2020) explored the relationship between emotional intelligence and the mental health of college students in a study. The results showed that emotional

intelligence somewhat reflects their mental health and vice versa; in certain cases, the latter also exemplifies emotional intelligence—a study exploring the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health. Mohd Norden et al. (2022) found no significant relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health in the study sample. The researcher suggests promoting emotional intelligence among university students could help reduce academic stress and improve mental health outcomes.

However, MR Wapaño (2021) examined the connection between emotional intelligence and mental health. Anxiety, depression, self-efficacy, and resilience are the mental health factors that this study has found. The results revealed that Emotional intelligence is a negative and poor predictor of anxiety, sadness, and reactivity, which are mental health variables. Abu Nabeel, Al Rashid, Madi et al. (2020) found no significant relationship between EQ and mental health among university students. However, negative correlations were found between negative emotional intelligence and anxiety, depression, and stress levels. The researcher suggests that emotional intelligence may not directly affect mental health outcomes among university students in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Divya and Meenakshie et al. (2021) studied the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health, including depression, anxiety, and stress. The researcher found that although there may be a relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health, the evidence is mixed and insufficient to support a consistent positive association. Therefore, their study suggests that emotional intelligence has no significance in mental health. The researcher cautioned that more research is needed to understand the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health fully.

## Methodology

This study employed a correlational design to determine if there is a significant relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among 152 senior high school students. Hence, the primary tool for gathering data was survey questionnaires: Brief Emotional Intelligence Scale and Mental Health Inventory. Moreover, ethical considerations were strictly observed, and the Pearson correlation coefficient was utilized to compute the relationship between the variables.

## **Results and Discussion**

This study investigates the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school students. Specifically, it sought to test the following claim:

Ho: There is no significant relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school students.

The relationship between the emotional intelligence and mental health of the study's respondents is shown in Table 1. The r coefficient of 0.82 indicates a high positive correlation between the variables. The p-value of 0.00, which is less than 0.05, leads to the decision to reject the null hypothesis. Hence, a significant relationship exists between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school. Moreso, these findings were supported by the study of Kamaruddin et al. (2020) that there is a relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health.

Table 1. Test of Significant Relationship of EmotionalIntelligence and Mental Health Among Senior HighSchool Students

Variables	r	p-value	Decision	Interpretation
Emotional Intelligence and Mental Health	0.82	0.00	Reject H <sub>0</sub>	Significant

## Conclusion

This study examines the relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among senior high school students. The statistical analysis reveals a significant relationship between the respondents' emotional intelligence and mental health. Thus, this suggests that having good mental health among students relates to good emotional intelligence. Hence, it is highly recommended that schools continue creating programs promoting well-being among students while learning.

### References

Abesamis, R., Tus, J., (2022). Happiness and Depression Among College Students Amidst the Online Learning. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 91-94. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6541673 Batiola, E.M., Boleche, N., Falcis, S.W., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Anxiety And Self-Esteem Among Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 66-72. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534512

Basilio, J.J., Pangilinan, T., Kalong, J.J., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning Modality: The Social Support and Its Relationship to the Anxiety of Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 331-335. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654353

Baylon, L., Latiban, A.M., Ricafort, A.D., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Self-Concept and Anxiety Among College Students During the Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 348-353. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654385

Calingacion, J.R., Lolo, D., Villalobos, G., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Stress and Happiness Among Senior High School Students Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 52-58. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534439

Castillo, A.I., Allag, C.F., Bartolome, A.J., Pascual, G.P., Villarta, R.O., (2023). The Impact of Study Habits on the Academic Performance of Senior High School Students Amidst Blended Learning. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 10(1), 483-488. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8122328

Ciarrochi, J., Deane, F. P., & Anderson, S. (2002). Emotional intelligence moderates the relationship between stress and mental health. *Personality and individual differences*, *32*(2), 197-209.

Compuesto, K.M., Bantog, J., Malabay, G.M., Santibanez, A.M., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning Modality: The Self-Efficacy and Its Relationship to the Academic Burnout of Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 174-184. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654318

Cruz, A.D., Francisco, J., Manalo, J., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning Modality: The Self-Efficacy and Its Relationship to the PercEQved Loneliness of Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(2), 163-173. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6523253

Cruz, J.M., Torre, A.P.D., Castaños, O.L.S., Tus, J., (2022). The Correlation Between Peer Pressure and Mental Well-BEQng Among Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(3), 167-175. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6569859

Dela-Cruz, N., Tayras, J., Castillo, D., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning: The Social Adjustment and Its Relationship to Loneliness of Senior High School Public Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 59-65. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534480

Dianito, A.J., Espinosa, J., Duran, J., & Tus, J. (2021). A Glimpse into the Lived Experiences and Challenges Faced of PWD Students towards Online Learning in the Philippines Amidst COVID-19 Pandemic. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. 7(1) DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.14033435.v1.

Divya, Meenakshi 2021 Relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health: An integrative DOI: 10.1007/s11916-021-00686-5 Mental Health Systems, p.18, No. 1, 2021



Drigas, A., & Papoutsi, C. (2020). The Need for Emotional Intelligence Training Education in Critical and Stressful Situations: The Case of Covid-19. Int. J. Recent Contributions Eng. Sci. IT, 8(3), 20-36.

Espayos, K., Llevado, L.J., Meneses, L., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning Modality: The Self-Esteem and Its Relationship to the Academic Burnout of the Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 14-19. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654412

Ferrer, A., Maranan, L., Luntaga, J., Rosario, A., & Tus, J. (2021). The Exploration on the Lived Experiences and Challenges Faced of the Gay College Students Amidst COVID 19. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. 7(1) DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.13724512.v1

Francisco, J., Cruz, J., Cruz, K., Resurreccion, L., Lopez, L., Torculas, A., Gumpal, M., Guillermo, N., Tus, J., (2022). The Job Burnout And Its Impact on the Employee's Performance Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 155-166. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6569851

Fulgencio, L., Baldado, K., Enriquez, C., Delos Santos, A., Plaza, R., & Tus, J. (2021). Amidst the Online Learning in the Philippines: The Self-Efficacy and Academic Motivation of the Senior High School Students from Private Schools. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.14813391.v1.

Gallardo, P.N., Ongkit, M.A., Santillan, R., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Self-Esteem and Burnout Among College Students Amidst the Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 343-347. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654371

G. Abu-Nabeel, K. Al-Rashid, M. Al-Madi, N. Al-Thib "Relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health among university students in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia" International Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research,11, No. 6, pp. 6101–6109 DOI: 10.1504/IJSER.2020.095342

Gayathri K., & Smitha, R. (2020). A study on emotional intelligence and mental health among doctors, lawyers and teachers: International Journal of Indian Psychology 8 (1), 782-791: DOI: 10.25215/0801.097

Gomez, S.L., Sison, C.J., Gavino, M.C., Tus, J., (2022). Academic Burnout and Its Relationship on the Anxiety of the Senior High School Students Amidst the Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 82-90. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534581

Ibanez, M., Doctolero, K., Senolos, L., Cruz, A.D., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Happiness and Stress Among Senior High School Students from Public Schools Amidst Online Learning. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 122-125. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6565228

Lanozo, J.G., Tabieros, L., Solmiano, E.L., Paras, N., & Tus, J. (2021). Buhay Estudyante: The Lives of Students from Broken Families Amidst the Pandemic. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. 7(1). 10.6084/m9.figshare.13726210.v1.

Lopez, E., Villegas, M., Suliao, A., Tus, J., (2022). The Self-Esteem and its Relationship to the College Students' PercEQved Loneliness Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 31-37.

https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534313

Lopez, M., Francisco, C., Capinig, C., Alayan, J., Manalo, S., & Tus, J. (2021). Amidst COVID-19 Pandemic: The Self-Efficacy and Academic Motivation of the College Students from the Private Higher Education Institutions in the Philippines. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.14795892.v1.

Mahinay, I.K., Rollan, D., Punzalan, C., Reyes, J.M., Tus, J., (2022). The Happiness and Its Relationship on the Anxiety of Senior High School Students During COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 143-148. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6565350

Mateo, K., Lajom, R.M., Vicente, L.J., Tus, J., (2022). The Self-Esteem and Its Correlation on the Anxiety of College Students During Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 137-142. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6565346

M. S. Kamaruddin, M. A. Abu Bakar, M "Emotional intelligence and mental health among students in Malaysia: A moderated mediation model" 2020 10.1186/s40359-020-00406-9

M.J. Khan and L. Kothari Environmental Research and Public Health p.17 Issue: 12: Emotional Intelligence and Mental Health: A Survey Study Among College Students 2020 DOI: 10.3390/ijerph17121797

Moeller, R. W., Seehuus, M., & PEQsch, V. (2020). Emotional intelligence, belongingness, and mental health in college students. Frontiers in Psychology, 11, 93.

MR Wapaño (2021). Emotional intelligence and mental health among adolescents :tInternational Journal of Research and Innovation in Social Science (IJRISS) |Volume V, Issue V|ISSN 2454-6186

Ocbian, J., Murot, J., Alejo, A.M., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the Online Learning: The Self-Efficacy and Its Relationship to the Anxiety Among Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 336-342. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654365

Padilla, R., Tolosa, K., Placiente, P., Compuesto, K.M., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Happiness and Depression Among Senior High School Students Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 1-6. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654390

Pastrana, S.C.M., Faustino, O.R., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic: The Relationship of Burnout and Depression Among College Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 1(3), 208-213. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654330

Perante, L., Solmiano, E.M., Lunesto, J.P., Malicdem, J., Malaca, J.M., & Tus, J. (2021). Mag-Aral ay Di 'Biro: A Phenomenological Study on the Lived Experiences of the Students on Blended Learning Amidst COVID-19. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. 7(1). DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.13717864.v1.

Pineda, M.A., Mendoza, G., Velarde, C.M., Tus, J., (2022). The Relationship Between Social Support and Depression Among Senior High School Students in the Midst of Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 44-51. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534398

Ramos, J., Manaloto, A.J., Cruz, S.A.D., Cervera, D.A., Ramirez, C., Tus, J., (2022). The Self-Efficacy And Loneliness of College Students Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 7-13. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6654400

Rufino, A.J., Federio, R.H., Bermillo, M.A., Tus, J., (2022). The Social Support and its Relationship to the College Students' Burnout Amidst the Online Learning Modality. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(1), 38-43. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6534345

Sánchez-Núñez, M. T., García-Rubio, N., Fernández-Berrocal, P., & Latorre, J. M. (2020). Emotional intelligence and mental health in the family: The influence of emotional intelligence perceived by parents and children. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 17(17), 6255.

Schutte, N. S., Malouff, J. M., ThorstEQnsson, E. B., Bhullar, N., & Rooke, S. E. (2007). A meta-analytic investigation of the relationship between emotional intelligence and health. *Personality and individual differences*, *42*(6), 921-933.

Sepideh Rezvani, Behzad Imani, Ramin Naderi Behrad (2020) Correlation of Mental Health and Emotional Intelligence in Academic Achievement of Operating Room Students of University of Medical Sciences: Pajouhan Scientific Journal 18 (4), 39-45: DOI:10.52547/psj.18.4.39

Sison, E., Doloque, E., Santor, K., Rayla, N., Capagalan, S., & Tus, J. (2021). Amidst Online Learning: The Self-Efficacy and Academic Motivation of the College Students from the Public Higher Education Institutions in the Philippines. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. DOI:10.6084/m9.figshare.14832486.v1.

Tus, J., Cruz, M., Espiritu, N., & Paras, N. (2021). Amidst the Online Learning Modality: The Usage of Learning Management System (LMS) and Its Relationship to the Academic Performance of the Filipino Students. International Journal of Psychology and Behavioral Sciences, 11.9-21. 10.6084/m9.figshare.17151374.v2.

Tus, J., Espiritu, N., Paras, N., Bartolome, R., Escoto, M.R., Deluna, A., Agustin, J., Gado, S., Ayapana, M., Mohamitano, A. (2021). Amidst the Online Learning: The Personality Traits and its Relationship to the Self-Esteem of Filipino Tertiary Students. International Journal of Psychology and Behavioral Sciences, 11. 35-42. 10.6084/m9.figshare.17209430.v1.

Tus, J., Paras, N., Espiritu, N., Perante, L., Dalmacio, J., Dianito, A., Bartolome, R., Buenaobra, J., Espinosa, J., & Mohamitano, A. (2021). The Psychological Well-BEQng and Academic Performance of Filipino Freshmen Tertiary Students Amidst the New Normal of Education. International Journal of Psychology and Behavioral Sciences, 11. 43-49. 10.6084/m9.figshare.17237468.v1.

Tus, J. (2019). Students' Personality, Self-Efficacy, and Its Impact on the Academic Performance of the Senior High School Students. Electronic Research Journal of Social Sciences and Humanities, 1, 92-96. https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.12250412.v1

Tus, J. (2019). The Impact of the Personality Traits on the Academic Achievement of the Senior High School Students. Journal of Global Research in Education and Social Science, 13(6), 208-212. https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.12250409.v1

Tus, J. (2019). Self-Efficacy and It's Influence on the Academic Performance of the Senior High School Students. Journal of Global Research in Education and Social Science, 13(6), 213-218. https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.12250355.v1 Tus, J. (2020). The Influence of Study Attitudes and Study Habits on the Academic Performance of the Students. International Journal Of All Research Writings, October, 2(4). https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.13093391.v1

Tus, J. (2020). An Assessment of the School Culture and Its Impact on the Academic Performance of the Students. International Journal Of All Research Writings, May, 1(11). https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.12250424.v1

Tus, J. (2020). Self – Concept, Self – Esteem, Self – Efficacy and Academic Performance of the Senior High School Students. International Journal of Research Culture Society, 4(10). https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.13174991.v1

Tus, J. (2020). Academic Stress, Academic Motivation, and Its Relationship on the Academic Performance of the Senior High School Students. Asian Journal of Multidisciplinary Studies, 8 (11). https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.13174952.v1

Tus, J. (2021). Amidst Covid-19 Pandemic: Depression, Anxiety, Stress, and Academic Performance of the Students in the New Normal of Education in the Philippines. International Engineering Journal for Research & Development, 6(ICMRD21), 13. https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.14775339.v1

Tus, J. (2021). Amidst the Online Learning in the Philippines: The Parental Involvement and Its Relationship to the Student's Academic Performance. International Engineering Journal for Research & Development. DOI: 10.6084/m9.figshare.14776347.v1

Walet, M., Falcatan, J., Tus, J., (2022). Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic: The Relationship Between Self Esteem And Depression Among Senior High School Students. Psychology and Education: A Multidisciplinary Journal, 2(2), 149-154. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6565371

Wang, Yuanyin. (2020) Relationship between emotional intelligence and mental health of college students. Revista Argentina de Clínica Psicológica; Buenos Aires Vol. 29, Iss. 2, : 1045. DOI:10.24205/03276716.2020.345

Yapo, F., Tabiliran, J., Dagami, A., Navales, K., & Tus, J. (2021). The Self-Efficacy and Academic Motivation of the Graduating College Students during the COVID-19 Pandemic in the Philippines. International Journal Of Advance Research And Innovative Ideas In Education. DOI: 10.6084/m9.figshare.14784885.v1.

#### **Affiliations and Corresponding Information**

#### Jasmin Nerissa S. Yco

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. - Philippines

#### April Jasmin M. Gonzaga

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. - Philippines

#### Jessa R. Cervantes

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. - Philippines

#### Gian Benedict J. Goc-ong

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. - Philippines

#### Haamiah Eunice R. Padios

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. – Philippines

#### Jhoselle Tus, PhD

Jesus Is Lord Colleges Foundation, Inc. - Philippines